Are You Telling People About Your Eurnished Rooms? Try a "News"

BRYAN ACCEPTS NOMINATION

Acknowledges Indebtedness to Party for Extraordingy Honor Conferred Upon Him-Stands Squarelyon Platform-Accepts Republican Challenge-Chares Republican Party With Responsibility for All Existing Abuses in Federal Government-Great Issue is, "Shall the People Rule?"

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 12 .- "Recognizing 1 that I am indebted for my nomination the rank and file of our party and at all, from the unpurchased and unweple, I promise, if entrusted with the ponsibility of this high office, to consecrate whatever ability I have to the one purpose of making this, in fact. overment in which the people rule covernment which will do justice to and offer to every one the highest like stimulus to great and persisteffort, by assuring to each the ment of his just share of the proof his toll, no matter in what of the vineyard he labors, or to evotes himself." Thus spoke W. J. in this afternoon in accepting the insticn as the candidate of the as the candidate of the party for the presidency of

norratic party for the presidency of United States.
mid cheers and waving of flags, Mr. ran was escorted from the Lincoln of through the streets of Lincoln he capitol grounds where the formal diffication took place. In the carge with him was John W. Kern of liana, the candidate for the vice sidency. It was no new experience Nebraska's distinguished citizen, he was twice before been similarly honwice before been similarly honparty, but it was the first ir, Bryan's home town had en afforded the opportunity of par-

Long before the time set for the ex ong before the time set for the exises to begin the capitol grounds
if become packed with humanity.
was a veritable sea of faces that met
. Bryan's gaze as he stepped to the
mitof the platform and received the
clai word from Representative HenD. Clayton of Alabama, that he
bemocracy's choice for the head of
national ticket.

s Democracy's choice for the head of national ticket.

Is the Democratic candidate erged from the capitol building on the platform in company with Gov. Chion. Mayor F. W. Brown and ers of the committee on arrangements, a mighty cheer went up from the multitude, which continued for everal minutes, As soon as Mr. Bry-n was seated, National Chairman Norman Mack opened the exercises by calling upon Rev. Father John F. Augent of Des Moines, Ia., to deliver

BRYAN NOTIFIED.

Upon its conclusion, Mr. Clayton, chairman of the committee on notifi-cation, turned to Mr. Bryan and made his notification speech. He called atten-tion to the unanimous action of the Denver convention in making its momination and declared that "the momination and declared that the bemocratic party, confident of the scheousness of its cause," was determined to rescue the government "from the hands of the despoilers who have exploited it for the benefit of favorites to the injury of the masses of the right results."

rance lasted for some time, but it roke out again with greater intensity then shortly afterward Mr. Clayton, ooking Mr. Bryan squarely in the ace and speaking in a voice that ould be heard by nearly every one,

You have always refused to com-mise with those who prostitute the nctions of government for the lust greed. It was your lofty statesman-p, your unwavering fidelity, your fersonian standard of democracy induced the representatives of one of American free men, unan-sly to choose you as their can-e for the highest office in the

Clayton's remarks in full were

lows: coln, Neb., Aug. 12.—Hon. William ran: Sir—You were unanimously lasted for president of the United by the national Democratic conthat assembled at Denver The convention directed you this formal notice of nomination.

The duties of the delegates to this vention were made plain, especially the fact that the people who sent m there desired that the banner of nocracy be entrusted to your hands, federal officeholders conspired to g about your nomination. Nor did atory wealth and its allied intercame spontaneously from edings of the convention show with zeal and enthusiasm the duty of the delegates was ac-

platform adopted is bold and declaration of the time-honored ples of the Democratic party their application to conditions onting the country. It was mously reported to the convention adopted by the convention ut a dissenting vate. A conv of and adopted by the convention out a dissenting vote. A copy of platform has been handed to you. declaration expressed the faith animates the united Democracy. iese principles it is known of all that for the past 12 years you been the bravest, ablest and most ent advocate. Although in two aigns you have falled to attain presidency, you enjoy the tystem. figns you have falled to accume residency, you enjoy the unique ction of having lived to see your accomplished by a great majorithe American people and many our policies adopted by the party policies adopted by the party post. and that has most bitterly as-

you,
csteem it a privilege to have been
ted to participate in the
honies of this day when
are informed that you
been nominated for the foremost
in the world. We doubt not that been homiliated for the foremost in the world. We doubt not that people will in November next described to the transfer of the United States. The triumph he principles for which you stand redound to the best interests of the bills and to the welfers of the and to the welfare of all the

(Signed) HENRY D. CLAYTON.

The letter is signed also by each member of the notification committee. The letter of notification was no less vigorous than Mr. Clayton's speech. Mr. Bryan received it with full appreation of the importance of its me

CHAIRMAN CLAYTON'S SPEECH OF NOTIFICATION

Mr. Clayton said: Mr. Bryan, the national Democratic envention that assembled at Denver

reached with unanimty. It stood for the conservatism of gvernmen under a written Constitutionand for he ap-plication of Democraic principles in public affairs to meet he requirements

of progressive America civilization.

"Without the intervetion of a completed ballot you were nominated for the office of president of the United States. A committee, emposed of the permanent chairman agl one delegate from each state and teritory, was appointed to inferry you of the production. from each state and teritory, was appointed to inform you of your selection as the standard bearer if your party in the pending campain. Therefore, in nursuance of the cayention, this committee here present now brings to you this message from a united and aggressive Democracy. Or great party is confident of the righteusness of its case, and relying upon the support of the people, is determined to rescue the government of the republic from the hands of the despelers who have exploited it for the benefit of favorites and to the injury of he masses of plain people.

and to the injury of he masses of plain people.

"We know that our pary, platform and candidate stand for the best interests of all the people. We know that success is deserved. We bejeve that our party and candidate, animated by the wisest and most pariotic purposes, will achieve victory in November. On no political issue is the platform a straddle or evasion, and its every declaration squares will the principles of old fashioned Democracy. It is essentially a Democratic instrument, preserving and applying the faith of the

of old fashloned Democracy. It is essentially a Democratic instrument, preserving and applying the faith of the fathers to existing conditions. "It is hardly worth while to say, sir, that in the judgment of your party associates, and our countrymen generally, you, as our canddate, fit our platform. And it is equipally gratifying that there is nothing in the platform calling for apology. These is nothing that you would avoid or run away from. There is nothing mitted that you need supply by giving your individual views. In these respects you have a tramendous advantage of your Republican opponent. Standing on such a platform, possessed of an abiding conviction that out cause is just, you will draw the keen blade of righteousness in truth, throwing away the scabbard, and fight for the principle of equal rights to all and special privileges to none. Your party has emphatically refused to form any alliances with special interests that enterests that enterests that enterests that enterests and contributed to the second contribute of the property of the scabbard, and fight for the principle of equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

emphatically refused to form any alliances with special interests that enjoy special privileges under Republican administration. You have always refused to compromise with those who prostitute the functions of government for the lust of greed. It was your lofty statesmanship, your unwavering fidelity, your Jefferson standard of Democracy that induced the representatives of millions of American free men unanimously to choose you as their candidate for the highest office in the world.

world.

"It would be inappropriate for me to detain this splendid audience that has met here today to listen to your patriotic and eloquent words. Therefore, I now hand you an authenticated copy of the platform adopted by the Democratic convention at Denver and request the secretary to read the formal letter of positional particular to the platform and the convention at Denver and request the secretary to read the formal letter of positional to remain the property of positional to the platform and the property of positional to the platform and the property of positional to the platform and the letter of notification signed by the committee."

The great crowd at once settled itself

down to hear Mr. Bryan's words of acceptance. With a pleased counte-nance he surveyed his vast audience, and then began his remarks, but he had not proceeded far when he was in-terrupted by cheers, the demonstrations continuing at intervals throughout his

Mr. Kern delivered a short address and then he and Mr. Bryan retired to the capitol building, where they held a public reception, and the exercises were concluded. . Bryan's speech in full is as fol-

ACCEPTANCE SPEECH OF WILLIAM J. BRYAN

Mr. Clayton and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee-I can not accept the nomination which you officially tender, without first acknowledging my deep indebtedness to the Democratic party for the extraordinary honor which it has conferred upon me. Having twice before been a candidate for the presidency, in campaigns which ended in defeat, a third nomination, the result of the free and voluntary act of the voters of the party, can only be explained by a substantial and undisputed growth in the principles and relicing for which I with a principles and the control of the contro policies for which I, with a multitude of others, have contended. As these principles and policies have given me whatever political strength I possess, the action of the convention not only renews my faith in them, but strengthens my attachment to them.

A PLATFORM IS BINDING.

I shall, in the near future, prepare I shall, in the near future, prepare a more formal reply to your notification, and in that letter of acceptance, will deal with the platform in detail. It is sufficient, at this time, to assure you that I am in hearty accord with both the letter and the spirit of the platform. I endorse it in whole and in part, and shall, if elected, regard its declarations as binding upon me, And I may add, a platform is binding as to what it omits as well as to what it contains. According to the Democratic idea, the people think as to what it contains. According to the Democratic idea, the people think for themselves and select officials to carry out their wishes. The voters are the sovereigns; the officials are the servants, employed for a fixed time and at a stated salary to do what the sovereigns want done, and to do it in the way the sovereigns want it done. Platforms are entirely in harmony with this Democratic idea. A platform anthis Democratic idea. A platform announces the party's position on the questions which are at issue; and an official is not at liberty to use the authority vested in him to urge personal views which have not been submitted to the voters for their approval. If one is nominated upon a platform which is not satisfactory to the voters for their approval. If one is nominated upon a platform which is not satisfactory to him, he must, if candid, either decline the nomination, or, in accepting it, propose an amended platform in lieu of the one adopted by the convention. No such situation, however, confronts your candidate, for the platform upon which I was nominated not only contains nothing from which I dissent, but it specifically outlines all the remediat legislation which we can hope to selegislation which we can hope to se cure during the next four years.

REPUBLICAN CHALLENGE.

The distinguished statesman who re-eived the Republican nomination for resident said, in his notification on July 7 was truly a representative body of the people of the United States. Hermony characterized its deliberations and all of its conclusions were

and true prosperity, and that we are determined, as our platform unequiva-cally declares, to maintain them and carry them on."

In the name of the Democratic party, I accept the challenge, and charge that the Rejublican party is responsible for all the abuses which now exist in the federal government, and that it is impotent to accomplish the reforms which are imperatively needed. Further, I can not concur in the statement that the Republican platform unequivocally declares for the reforms that are necessary; cat the contrary, I affirm that it openly and notoriously disappoints the hopes and expectations of reformers, whether those reformers be Republicans or Democrats. So far did the Republican convention fall short of its duty that the Republican candidate felt it necessary to add to his platform in several important particulars, thus rebuking the leaders of the party, upon whose co-operation he must rely for the enactment of remedial legislation.

As I shall, in separate speeches, discuss the leading questions at issue, I shall at this time confine myself to the paramount question, and to the farreaching purpose of our party, as that purpose is set forth in the platform.

SHALL THE PEOPLE RULE?

SHALL THE PEOPLE RULE? Our platform declares that the over-Our platform declares that the over-shadowing issue which manifests it-self in all the questions now under dis-cussion, is "Shall the people rule?" No matter which way we turn; no matter to what subject we address ourseives, the same question confronts us: Shall the people control their own govern-ment, and use that government for the protection of their rights and for the promotion of their weifare? or shall the representatives of predatory wealth promotion of their weitare? or shall the representatives of predatory wealth prey upon a defenseless public, while the offenders secure immunity from subservient officials whom they raise to power by unscrupulous methods? This is the issue raised by the "known abuses" to which Mr. Taft refers.

PRESIDENT QUOTED.

In a message sent to Congress last January, President Roosevelt said: "The attacks by these great corporations on the administration's actions have been given a wide circulation throughout the country, in the newspapers and otherwise, by those writers and speakers who, consciously or unconscously, act as the representatives of predatory wealth—of the wealth accumulated on a giant scale by all forms of iniquity, ranging from the oppression of wage earners to unfair and unwholesome methods of crushing out competition, and to defrauding the public by stock-jobbing and the manipulation of securities, Certain wealthy men of this stamp, whose conduct should be abhorrent to every man of ordinarily decent conscience, and who commit the hideous wrong of teaching our young a message sent to Congress last hideous wrong of teaching our young men that phenomenal business success must ordinarily be based on dishonesty, have, during the last few months, made it apparent that they have banded to-gether to work for a reaction. Their endeavor is to overthrow and discredit endeavor is to overthrow and discredit all who honestly administer the law, to prevent any additional legislation which would check and restrain them, and to secure, if possible, a freedom from all restruint which will permit every unscrupulous wrong-doer to do what he wishes unchecked, provided he has enough money."—What an arraign-ment of the predatory interests!

ment of the predatory interests!
Is the president's indictment true?
And, if true, against whom was the indictment directed? Not against the Democratic party.

WHAT MR. TAFT SAYS.

Mr. Taft says that these evils have crept in during the last 10 years. He declares that, during this time, some "prominent and influential members of the community, spurred by financial success and in their hurry for greater wealth, became unmindful of the common rules of business honesty and fi-delity, and of the limitations imposed by law upon their actions:" and that "the revelations of the breaches of trusts, the disclosures as to rebates and discriminations by railroads, the accumulating evidence of the violations of the anti-trust laws, by a number of orporations, and the stocks and bonds of interstate railroads for the unlawful enriching of directors and for the purpose of concentrating the control of the railroads under one management,"—all these, he charges, "quickened the conscience of the peole and brought on a moral awaken-

During all this time, I beg to re-mind you, Republican officials presid-ed in the executive department, filled the cabinet, dominated the senate, controlled the house of representatives and occupied most of the federal judg-ships. Four years ago the Republican platform boastfully declared that since 1860—with the exception of two years—the Republican party had been in control of part or of all the branches control of part or or all the branches of the federal government; that for two years only was the Democratic party in a position to either enact or repeal a law. Having drawn the sal-aries; having enjoyed the honors; having secured the prestige, let the Republican party accept the responsi-bility!

WHICH IS RESPONSIBLE?

Why were these "known abuses" permitted to develop? Why have they not been corrected? If existing laws are sufficient, why have they not been enforced? All of the executive machinery of the federal government is in the hands of the Republican party. Are new laws necessary? Why have they not been enacted? With a Rep-ublican president to recommend, with Republican senate and house to arry out his recommendations, why oes the Republican candidate plead or further time in which to do what hould have been done long ago? Can should have been done long ago? Can Mr. Taft promise to be more strenuous in the present executive? Can he ask for a larger marjority in the senate than his party now has? Does he need more Republicans in the house of representatives or a speaker with more unlimited authority?

TARIFF REFORM.

The president't close friends have The president't close friends have been promising for several years that he would attack the iniquities of the tariff. We have had intimation that Mr. Ttaft was restive under the demands of the highly protected industries. And yet the influence of the manufacturers, who have for 25 years contributed to the Republican campaign fund, and who in return have framed the tariff schedules, has been sufficient to prevent tariff reform. As the present campaign approached. the present campaign approached, both the president and Mr. Taft declared in favor of tariff revision, but set the date of revision after the election. But the pressure brought to bear by the protected interests has been great enough to prevent any attempt at tariff reform before the election and the reduction promised effection. tempt at tariff reform before the elec-tion; and the reduction promised after after the election is so hedged about with qualifying phrases, that no one can estimate with accuracy the sum total of tariff reform to be expected in case of Republican success. If the-past can be taken as a guide, the Re-publican party will be so obligated by campaign contributions from the bene-ficiaries of protection, as to make that party powerless to bring to the coun-try any material relief from the presany material relief from the pres-

ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION.

A few years ago the Republican leaders in the house of representatives were coerced by public opinion into the support of an anti-trust lawswhich had the endorsement of the president, but the senate refused even to con-

(Continued on page seven.)

WAGON PARTY IS GERMAN SAYS OFF FOR ISLAND

Will Search for Two Remaining Gotfried Schone Tells Tale of Members of Shipwrecked Seeley Party.

TWO RESCUED BY CAPT. DAVIS HAD NO TIME TO EXPLAIN

In Camp on North Coast of Antelope Yesterday Afternoon.

this afternoon by Capt. D. L. Davis from his son Dewey, in charge of the Cambria, states that he picked up T. Joshua Midgley of 177 H street, and Harvey L. Seeley, of 857 west First North, on the northwest shore of Antelope island at 9 o'clock this morning. This completes the rescue of the four members of the Secley yachting party which was wrecked Sunday evening. A wagon party, which made its way over from Farmington, is searching for these two men today.

With a man who has frequently made the trip as a guide, a wagon party sent out by Simon Bamberger is attempting to make its way to ante lope island today across the strip of shallow water running west from Farmington, in the hope of picking up the two remaining members of the

These two members of the crew shipwrecked Sunday on the north coast of Antelope left the main camp to walk to the Dooly ranch, in search of help, after the launch Irene passed almost within calling distance. Tuesday morning and had falled to see either the signals of distress in the shape of flags, or the campfires which were kept burning with wet brush in order to send up a column of smoke. A few hours after they had left Captain Da-vis of the Cambria, who had been en-gaged by Senator Bamberger to make an exhaustive search of the lake for the lost party, located the distress signals and ticked up the two members still in camp. These were William

signals and bicked up the two members still in camp. These were William Seeley, a man 70 years of age, and Joshua Seeley, his son.

The two for whom search by wagon is being made today are Harvey Seeley and Joshua Midgley. It is thought that they either reached the Dooly ranch, and may be found there, or have given out from thirst in search of it, and will be found somewhere between their camp and the ranch.

ranch.

The two members of the party who were brought in lest night came to Salt Lake on the fast train from the beach, which was held 20 minutes for them on account of the fact that Capt. Davis's boat had been sighted making for the resort in a very heavy storm. The boat rode last night's terrific gale with success, but was under the handling of Dewey Davis, most of whose life has been spent in lake navigation. life has been spent in lake navigation

THREE DAYS ON ISLAND.

The story of the adventure as told y William Seeley is a thrilling one. The party left Saturday morning for a cruise of Antelope, Bird, Hat, and Fremont islands, intending to return Monday. They made the west coast of Saturday evening and Fre-Antelope Saturday evening and Fremont Sunday morning, as there was nothing encountered up to that time requiring anything more than "land-lubber" skill. When a storm broke upon them off Fremont Sunday afternoon, however, the lack of sea experience was quickly apparent, as the craft, a 16-foot boat with a five-foot beam, was allowed to ship water, and the gasoline engines, becoming clogged, refused to work.

LANDSMEN ALL

This was followed by the boat slipping into the troughs of the waves instead of nosing them, head on, or riding the storm with anchor out and the craft headed up into it. Loaded with salt water, the boat was finally owed by two tiny paddles styled oars" by the grace of someone with little experience in watercraft, coast of Antelope near White Rock Here the landing was not made safely but the boat was allowed to beach herself with the help of the waves and

This landed the party of four late Sunday afternoon on the island without food, except what was soaked with out 100d, except what was scaled with salt water, a ruined boat, and a quar-of water that remained in the water keg after a Sunday luncheon—on Fre-

mont island Facing this serious situation, the three younger members of the party built two fires, one of wet material, so that it would send up a tall column of somek, and another of drier kindof somek, and another of drier kind ling, so that it would blaze. A sup per was eaten on the remaining pro and the last of the water used up.

SIGNALS UNHEEDED.

Monday morning, after a night on the rocks, the six foot canvas sails, which had been used for a covering during the night, were hoisted as signals of distress from the highest point. On this day there was only one meal, and that a slim one, and as no friendly sail hove in sight, the party slept again on the rocks Monday night, their hunger by this time amounting to actual suffering.

their hunger by this time amounting to actual suffering.

Tuesday morning the Irene was sighted. Wood was piled on the fires, a shout sent up, and the fing waved, but all in vain, for the Irene kept on its course paying no attention whatever. Harvey Seeley now determined to go over the mountain to the Dooley ranch. The older man could not make the trip and he was left in camp with his son, who was so broken up by the passing of the Irene that he cried over it.

DAVIS SIGHTED.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon the two men remaining in camp sighted Capt. Davis in the Cambria, aosing up the coast from the south. William Speley tended the signal fires while his son Joshua manued the sail and waved it in the air. It was soon apparent that Capt. Davis, while skirting the coast with his trained eye, had perceived the signals and at 5 o'clock he was alongside.

RETURN THROUGH GALE.

At 5:30 the gasoline launch was taken in taw, and the two men were on board, ready for the return trip to Saltair. Here again complications occurred, as a storm, more severe than either of the two previously encountered, broke in sentine fury over the tered, broke in genuine fury over the water. Dewey Davis, however, knew the water too well to wish to do the expected back this afternoon.

FIREMEN BEAT HIM

Brutal and Unprovoked Assault.

He Found William and Joshua Seeley Will be Given Chance to Identify Assailants-Complaints Against Municipal Officials Numerous.

> these days. Recently he issued a complaint and a warrant for the arrest of City Councilman L. D. Martin on the charge of using abusive language to wards Charles Crane. Shortly after this Mr. Rogers issued a complaint against Patrolman Walter Griffin, tery upon Hal White, a newspaper reporter, and it seems now that he will draw up complaints against four o five firemen, charging them with bat

"I am getting sick of this business said Mr. Rogers this morning. "First it is a councilman, than a policema and now it seems it will be up to the

The latter case grows out of a most brutal and unprovoked assault and battery upon an inoffensive German battery upon an inoffensive German laborer named Gotfried Schone, residing at 859 Washington street. The latter tells a stony which if true, should result in most severe punishment for the guilty persons. He tells his story in a straightforward manner and declares that he can identify at least two of the guilty men.

STORY OF ASSAULT.

Schone says that about 9 o'clock last schole says that about 9 ociock ast night he was walking north on State street and went into the alleyway leading to the rear of the jail and the fire department, and that a fireman came out of the rear of the house, followed by four others, and demanded to know what he was doing there. to know what he was doing there. Schone was unable to talk good English and could not make the man understand him. He says that the man then struck him and knocked him down and that the five of them began to beat him unmereifully.

"They did not give me a chance to

or beat him unmercifully.

'They did not give me a chance to explain," said Schone through an interpreter, "Before I could make them understand they knocked me down, destroyed a new hat and a new suit of clothes and left me lying in the alley unconscious. I was there about half an hour. I also lost \$3. I can pick out one and maybe two of the men who beat me."

Schone's head and face were ter-

who beat me."
Schone's head and face were terribly battered and his right eye blackened. That he was brutally treated by some one is evident from his appearance and he insists that the wounds were inflicted by firemen.

COMLPLAINS TO POLICE.

After recovering consciousness he way home and this morning reported the matter to William Oblad, a blacksmith. The latter accompanied Schone to police headuarters and reported the affair to the desk sergeant. The latter referred him to Asst. City Atty. Rogers and Judge Diehl. Mr. Rogers heard the man's strange story and asked Sergt. J. J. Roberts to he repeated his story and Chief Pitt asked Chife Glore of the fire depart-ment to come in. Chief Glore, Sergt, Roberts and Schone were then brought together and Schone repeated his story to Chief Glore. The latter had blood in his eye when the consultation was ended and said he would immediately make a rigid investigation by calling the mer together and asking them is they knew anything about the affair Schone will be given a chance to iden

FIREMEN DENY STORY.

Nearly every man on the department was seen by a "News" representative this morning and asked about the affair. Each and every one denied all knowledge of the matter. They all said they were not in the alley last night and did not see Schone or any other man. They claim Schone has made a greate witches.

grave mistake.

"Is it possible that two or three of the boys were drinking last night and might have got into some mix-up with the German?" was asked the firemen. "Most certainly not," said one of the prominent members of station No. 1. "There is mighty little drinking going on here as you all know. Why should any fireman jump on a man for noth-ing and beat him up. The story is ridiculous in the extreme and I don't believe there is anything to it. man has made a mistake."

SIFT MATTER TO BOTTOM

But Chief Glore is determined to sift the matter to the bottom and if it is true that firemen attacked Schone and their identities are discovered it will go hard with them. Mr. Rogers stated that he did not care to issue a complaint until Chief Glore had handled the case. He thinks that the chief of the fire department is the proper man the case. He thinks that the chief of the fire department is the proper man the fire department is the proper man to investigate and mete out punish-ment if any of his men are guilty of the brutal work. Mr. Rogers said, however, that he would certainly issue a complaint if it developed that fire-men are guilty of the outrage and if complete satisfaction is not accorded the injured man. the injured man,

MILFORD ABOVE WATER.

Alarming Report Is Denied by Wire Department of Salt Lake Route.

Milford, Utah, on the main line of the Salt Lake Route, is not inundated, as reported in a morning paper, according to the telegraph department of the

"land-lubber" trick of heading for the shallows, and instead held his cours-well away from land, and in the open channel. He came straight through the course of the floor level

of the Saltair pavilion, and landed his passengers safely at 10:30 o'clock.

When the Seeley family was notified of the safe rescue last night, it was overwhelmed with joy. The family resides at 851 west First North street where William Sceley is reported today to be none the worse for his exciting experience. He has crossed the ocean four times as a passenger, and this was the only sea experience in the

Senator Bamberger's wagon party is

Salt Lake Route offices here. A cloud-burst did occur there at 8 o'clock last night and it was 5 o'clock this morning when damage to the railroad tracks was repaired but all danger to the city and its inhabitants is smiled at by those in communication with the town itself. The report that half the business portion of town was under water is also ridiculed. A cloudburst made the downpour heavy for a while but at no time was property or life in imminent danger, say the officials in charge of the Clark road's wires here. Owing to several small washouts on the Ploche branch, the Salt Lake Route has been refusing to take consignments of livestock and perishable fruit intended for points on this branch but this trouble is reported small and of no consequence. of no consequence,

WYOMING POSTMASTERS.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 12.-Wyomng postmasters appointed; Farrall, Crook County, Burdette S. Butterfield, vice L. H. Ellsbury, resigned; Ross, Converse county, William C. Irvine, vice R. D. Miller, removed.

FIREMEN'S CARNIVAL ON

posed Entirely of Women-Ties for Honors With Water Fight.

The Firemen's Carnival now at its leight in Murray is proving as ig and lively an affair as any ever held here. Beginning with a parade this morning and winding up tonight with a ball and banquet, with ball games, water fights, ladder climbing plenty of entertainment for everybody every minute of the great day. The town is filled with people, the firemen of Bingham Canyon, Murray, Mercur and other outside towns being in the smelter city with their friends to participate in the day's hilarity. One of the unique features of the day will be the ball game between two nines, one composed of Salt Lage women and the other of Murray women. Some difficulty may be obtained in getting an umpire who will promise not to be swayed by the players in making close decisions, but as 18 fine looking women will be in the game, it is hoped the decisions will be about even. The water fight between firemen of this city and Bingham promises to be one own is filled with people, the firemer water fight between firemen of this city and Bingham promises to be one huge splash from beginning to end. Teams will line up and at a signal begin deluging each other until one team can stand no more wetness. The hose and ladder climbing contests promises to be full of excitement for the rivalry among the home and visiting firemen is intense. The banquet will be attended by hundreds of people and the ball this evening will be a fitting close to the busy day.

FIGHT FOR CONTROL OF COTTON MARKET

New York, Aug. 12 .- Amid the greatest excitement since the Sully year, the big battle between the Wall street bulls pool and local bear interests for speculative control of the cotton market was renewed today. The big cotket was renewed today. The big cotton ring fairly seethed under the tremendous operations, blocks of 3,000 and 4,000 bales being flung back and forth like 100-bale lots in ordinary times, until, fairly overwhelmed, the bulls were for a time obliged to cease buying. This precipitated a fresh outburst during which October, after having sold early at 9,43, dropped to 9 cents or over \$2 per bale below the high level of the morning and \$4,25 per bale below the high price of last Friday. below the high price of last among the bull leaders and even at the decline Liverpool brokers were believed to be supporting the market. It was estimated that at least 150,000 bales of cotton had been liquidated during the past two days.

COUNTESS OF YARMOUTH.

London, Aug. 12 .- The decree granted

Decree of Divorce Has Been Made

Feb. 5 by Sir Birrell Barnes, president of the divorce court, to the Countess of Yarmouth, who was Miss Alice Thay of Pittsburg, nullifying her marriage to the Earl of Yarmouth, has been made an absolute divorce by the court, necessary six months having elapsed

case is described on the records as Yarmouth, otherwise Thaw vs. Yar-

This leads to the presumption that he countess contemplates resuming her maiden name.

ALICE WEBB FOUND GUILTY.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Mrs. Alice L. Webb, divorced wife of Brodie L. Duke, the millionaire tobacco manufacturer was today found guilty of defrauding the Great Northern hotel by passing a worthless check.

THAW ADJUDGED BANKRUPT.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12—Harry K. Thaw was today adjudged a bankrupt by Referee in Bankruptcy W. R. Blair. No date has been fixed for the first

AN AUTO ACCIDENT.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 12 .- J. Montgomery Sears, a member of one of the most prominent families of Boston, was probably fatally injured and George Saundars, his chauffeur was se-verely hurt in an tutomobile accident

ENTERTAINMENT OF FLEET.

Auckland, N. Z., Aug. 12.-The principal entertainment in honor of the of-ficers and men of the visiting battle-ship fleet are now at an end for Thursday, Friday and Saturday are evoted to sports and minor enter inments. After the races at Ellerslie, Admiral

Sperry and 200 officers of the fleet proceeded as the guests of Prime Min-ister Ward and the members of pavila-ment to Rotorua in thermal distric-in the heart of North island, 171 miles WRIGHT'S SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT.

Le Mans, France, Aug. 12.—Wilbur Wright, of Dayton, (Ohio) made a splendid flight with his aeroplane here this morning, circling the field five times and remaining in the air six minutes and 56 2-5 seconds. The

TO OPERATE ON R. Q. MILLS.

Baltimore, Aug. 12.—Former Senator Roger Q Mills of Texas, who came to Baltimore yesterday to undergo a surgical operation, was reported to be resting comfortably this morning. The operation may be performed today or tomorrow.

JUDGE TAFT AND HITCHCOCK CONFER

Discussed Personnel of Financial **Advisory Committee** Of Nine.

WILL SOON BE ANNOUNCED.

Decision on West Virginia Republican Situation Expected in Near Future.

If Gubernatorial Candidates Cannot Agree As to Withdrawal of One, Taft Men Go on Each Ticket.

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 12 .- Republican National Chairman Hitchocock arrived here early today and will leave tonight for Chicago. Perhaps the most important business of his conference today with Mr. Taft was the discussion of the personnel of the tinancial advisory committee of nine, the appointment of which Mr. Hitchcock says he will announce after he has consulted leaders of the party rep-

West Virginia Republican situation, and to this end Mr. Hitchcock took up the problem with the leaders of the two factions from that state who are here. In the event of a refusal to vithdraw being made by each of the withdraw being made by each of the candidates for governor, it is not unlikely that the attitude of the national committee will be to insist on placing of Taft electors on each ticket. A. I. Vorys of Ohio participated in the conference between Mr. Taft and Chairman Hitchcock.

John Hays Hammond reached here today and will remain several days. During that time he expects to talk over a number of things political with Mr. Taft, among them the welfare and plans of the National League of Republican clubs.

publican clubs.

ROSE PASTOR STOKES URGES STRIKERS TO STICK

New York, Aug. 12.-Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, wife of Millionaire J. G. Phelps-Stokes yesterday addressed the 500 striking girls of the Lewis cigar factory in Newark, N. J. "Are you going to stay our girls?" asked Mrs. Stokes.

'We are,' cried the girls, and their answer could be heard a block away. Mrs. Stokes encouraged the strikers and told them that if they demanded and told them that if they demanded that their employer taken them back as an organization their work in the future would be a pleasure. "If I were here and in this strike," she said. "I'd stay out if I deprived myself and family of bread and butter."

Mrs. Stokes then bade the strikers goodbye and all rose and gave her three hearty cheers and renewed their pledge to stand together.

pledge to stand together. BIG CEMENT CONCERN

Portland Company Incorporates Here With a Capitalization of \$1,200,000.

The Portland Cement company Portland, Or., is now a corporation up-on the records of the secretary of state's office in Salt Lake. Articles were filed this morning with Secy. of State Tingey by Atty. Joel N.bley of Ingebretsen & Nibley, for the company, Its total capital stock is \$1,200,000, divided into 4.000 shares of preferred

stock and 8,000 shares of common stock, of the par value of \$100 each.

An interesting feature of the new corporation is that it will carry the making of Portland cement to Portland, for the first time in the history of the industry. From Portland, England, the cement compound took its name, and universally is known as "Portland ce-

It has gradually spread in the number of factories turning it out until it was manufactured in almost every place but Portland—that is, Portland, Or. This company, in which Utah and Oregon capitalists share the larger holdings, has its quarries located very near to Portland city, and will erect

near to Portland city, and will erect its plant there, with the northwest coast for its territory.

The purposes of the corporation as set forth in the papers are "to manu-facture and dispose of cement and ar-tificial stone, to locate and acquire, hold and dispose of quarries, mines and clay land of every description".

hold and dispose of quarries, mines and clay land of every description."

The list of stockholders named in the incorporation papers includes C. W. Nibley, Joseph Geoghegan, C. S. Burton, H. G. Whitney, Moses Thatcher, T. R. Cutler, Joseph Howell, George Romney, W. W. Riter, W. A. Rossiter, John C. Cutler, of Salt Lake: and Theodore Wilcox, L. Allen Lewis, W. J. Burns, A. L. Mills, Alexander Nibley, Charles E. Ladd, J. M. Tosl, Tom Richardson and Joseph Nibley, of Portland. According to the stock books there are 50 other large stockholders who are not listed among the incorpothere are so other large the incorpo-who are not listed among the incorpo-

itors.
The officers are C, W. Nibley, presi-ent; J. N. Teal, vice president; Alex-nder Nibley, secretary and treasurer, the directors are C. W. Nibley, J. N. The directors are C al, W. W. Riter, H. G. Whitney, C. Burton, Joseph Geoghegen, T. B. ilcox, L. Allen Lewis, Charles E. Wilcox, L. Allen Lewis, the Rich-Ladd, Joseph Nibley and Tom Rich-

FINE FRAME ARRIVES.

Portrait of Governor Wells to Hang in Executive Chambers.

The frame in which will hang at the executive's office, the portrait of ex-Governor Heber M. Wells, has been received by Governor Cutler. The frame was securely crated and boro several signs of "handle with care." The consignors were Vickery, Atkins & Torrey, of San Francisco, and the value of the consignment is given as \$100.

value of the consignment is given Ls \$100.

The picture is from the brush of Artist J. Will Clawson, and is pronounced by Mr. Wells' friends as being a splendid likeness of the first governor of the State of Utah. It was designed to hang the portrait by the side of the door leading into the governor's private office, but it was found that the light there was not favorable. The chosen place will doubtiess be on the west side of the main room of the executive's chambers. Lecutive's chambers.